# **Installation Instructions**

# **PGX3 Series** PACKAGED GAS / ELECTRIC UNITS



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International Comfort Products, LLC Lewisburg, TN. 37091

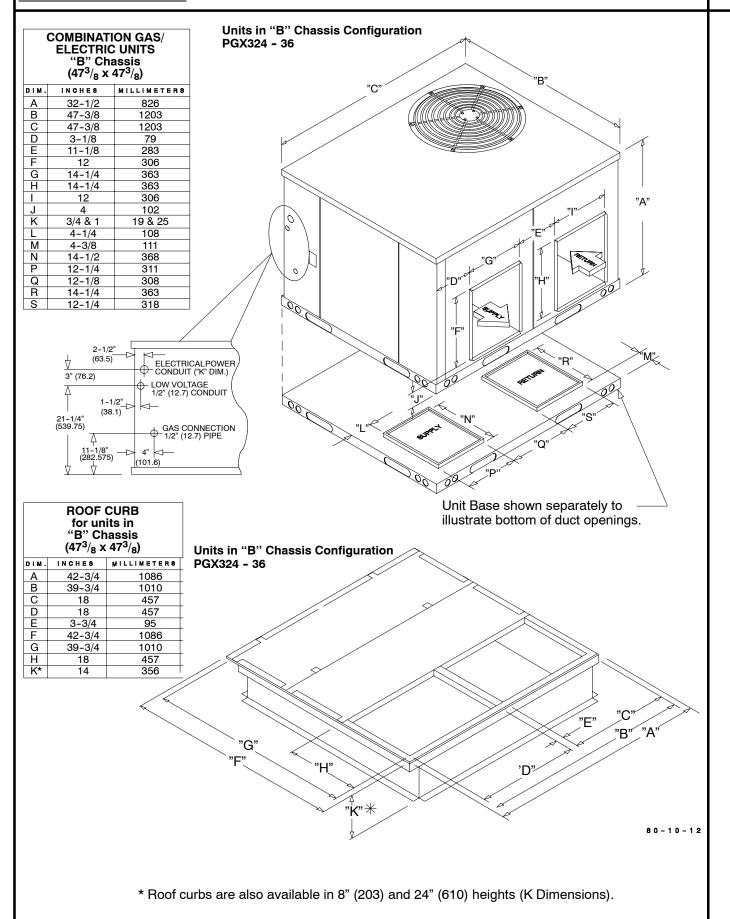
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### 1. Unit Dimensions

## "B" CHASSIS UNIT DIMENSIONS



#### "C" CHASSIS UNIT DIMENSIONS ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUIT ("K" DIM.) 2-1/2<sup>1</sup> (83.5) LOW VOLTAGE 1/2" (12.7) CONDUIT 3 (76.2) GAS CONNECTION 1/2" (12.7) PIPE "B" 21-1/4° (539.75) "C" **COMBINATION GAS/ ELECTRIC UNITS** "C" Chassis $(47^3/_8 \times 73)$ INCHES MILLIMETERS DIM. Α 36 914 В 47-3/8 1203 С 73 1354 D 4-5/8 117 Ē 15 361 F 12 307 "M" G 18-3/4 476 18-3/4 Н 476 12 306 J K 102 RETURN 1 & 1-1/4 25 & 31 4-1/4 108 М 5-1/4 133 Ν 12-1/4 311 Р 19 483 Q 15 381 SUPPL\ R 19 483 S 12-1/4 318 16-7/8 429 Unit Base shown separately to illustrate bottom of duct openings. **ROOF CURB** Units in "C" Chassis Configuration for "C" Chassis PGX342-60 $(47^3/_8 \times 73)$ INCHES DIM. MILLIMETERS 67-3/4 1721 Α В 64-3/4 1645 С 584 23 D 23 584 2-1/2 Ε 64 F 42-3/4 1086 G 39-3/4 1010 Н 23 584 12 305 Τ J 12 305 K\* 14 356 "G" 'D" \* Roof curbs are also available in 8" (203) and 24" (610) heights (K Dimensions).

#### 2. SAFE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags, and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguisher available for all brazing operations.

### A WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISON HAZARD

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause carbon monoxide poisoning, fire, or an explosion which could result in personal injury or unit damage. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or gas supplier for information or assistance. The qualified installer or agency must use only factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product.

### **A WARNING**

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISON HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off gas supply to unit. *Then* turn off unit main power switch and install lockout tag.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol /!\textsup. When you see this symbol in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING**, **CAUTION**, and **NOTE**. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. **DANGER** identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in serious injury or death. **WARNING** signifies a hazard which **could** result in serious injury or death. **CAUTION** is used to identify unsafe practices which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. **NOTE** is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

These instructions cover minimum requirements and conform to existing national standards and safety codes. In some instances, these instructions exceed certain local codes and ordinances, especially those that may not have kept up with changing residential construction practices. We require these instructions as a minimum for a safe installation.

### A WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK, AND CARBON MONOXIDE POISON HAZARD

Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual could result in furnace malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others. Installation MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54-2005/ANSI Z223.1-2005 and the National Electrical Code NFPA70-2005 or in Canada the National Standard CAN/CGA B149-1 and CSA C.22.1 - Canadian Electrical Code Part 1.

The information contained in this manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.

#### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- Use only with type of gas approved for this unit. Refer to unit rating plate.
- Install this unit only in a location and position as specified in section 3 of this manual.
- Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections, as specified in section 5.
- Always install unit to operate within the unit's intended temperature-rise range with a duct system, which has an external static pressure within the allowable range, as specified in section 9. Refer to unit rating plate for the allowable external static pressures.
- All connecting ductwork to the unit (supply and return) must be sealed to the unit casing as specified in section 7.
- Do **NOT** use this furnace as a construction heater.
- Check to see that filters are installed correctly and are the proper type an size.

**NOTE:** It is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to contact a qualified installer to ensure that the installation is adequate and conforms to governing codes and ordinances.

#### **UNIT SAFETY**

Failure to follow this caution may reduce unit reliability.

It is recommended that a qualified service technician check the heat exchanger integrity every two (2) years, after the first four (4) years of operation.

#### INTRODUCTION

The PGX3 unit is a fully self-contained, combination Category I gas heating/electric cooling unit designed for outdoor installation (See pages 2 and 3 for unit dimensions). All unit sizes have return and discharge openings for both horizontal and downflow configurations, and are factory-shipped with all downflow duct openings covered.

Units may be installed either on a rooftop, cement slab, or directly on the ground if local codes permit.

Models with a "1" in the twelfth position of the model number are dedicated Low NOx units designed for California installations. The emissions of these models do not exceed 40 nanograms of nitrogen oxide emissions per joule of heat output as shipped from the factory, and must be installed in California Air Quality Management Districts or any other regions in North America where a Low NOx rule exists.

#### 3. LOCATING THE UNIT

#### **ACCESS PANELS**

See **Figure 1** for a general view of unit and location of access panels.

### A WARNING

### CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury and/or death.

Keep blower door closed.

#### **CLEARANCES**

The location **MUST** allow for minimum clearances and should not be adjacent to a patio or other area where the unit's operating sound level might be objectionable. The combustion air inlet openings **MUST** not be obstructed (see **Figure 1**). In addition, local codes **MUST** be observed.

**NOTE**: Units with available filter racks (3–1/2 to 5 ton), need a 26" minimum clearance at side of unit for removal of filters. See chart below if unit is going to be placed near combustible construction or materials.

While minimum clearances are acceptable for safety reasons, they may not allow adequate air circulation around the unit for proper operation in the cooling mode. Whenever possible, it is desirable to allow additional clearance, especially around the condenser inlet and discharge openings.

Do **NOT** install the unit in a location that will permit discharged air from the condenser to recirculate to the condenser inlet.

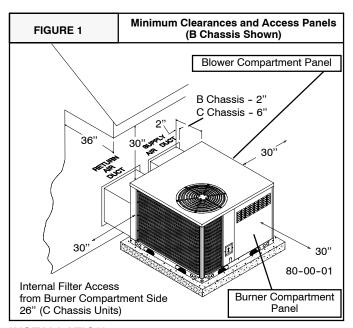
#### **UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in shorten life of unit components.

Do NOT operate unit in a corrosive atmosphere containing chlorine, fluorine, or any other corrosive chemicals.

#### Minimum Clearances to Combustible Construction

Furnace Plenum
Duct Side
Condenser Inlet
Blower Service (Side)
Control Service Side
(Front Combustion Air Inlet) 30"
Clearance between 3 Ft. Overhang
and Top of Unit
Combustible Base
(Wood or Class A, B or C
roof covering material)0"



#### INSTALLATION

#### **NOTICE**

Unit will NOT operate properly unless it is installed level front to rear and side to side. The slope MUST NOT be greater than  $^{1}/_{8}$ " per foot (10mm per meter). For side to side leveling, the drain side MUST always be lower.

#### **Ground Level Installation**

Ground level platform requirements:

- The unit MUST be situated to provide safe access for servicing.
- Platform may be made of either concrete or pressure treated wood and MUST be level and strong enough to support unit weight.
- Position platform separate from building foundation.
- Install in well-drained area, with top surface of platform above grade level.
- Platform must be high enough to allow for proper condensate trap installation and drainage. See FIGURE 4 and associated text for more information about condensate drainage.

#### **Rooftop Installation**

Rooftop platform requirements:

- The unit MUST be situated to provide safe access for servicing.
- The existing roof structure MUST be adequate to support the weight of the unit or the roof MUST be reinforced.
  - Check the weight of the unit in relation to the roof structure and local building codes or ordinances and reinforce roof structure if necessary. See the last page of this manual for unit weights.
- Support for the unit MUST be level and strong enough to carry unit weight. The support may consist of a platform or a combination of platform and roof beams or curb
- See *Hoisting* section for hoisting instructions.

#### **HOISTING**

**NOTE:** All access panels **MUST** be secured in place before hoisting.

The unit should be hoisted with two lifting slings. Attach the slings to rigging shackles that have been hooked through holes in the base rail.

Two spreader bars **MUST** be placed on top of the unit to protect the unit from damage from the pressure exerted by the slings. Make sure that all equipment is adequate to handle the weight of the unit and that the slings will not allow the unit to shift.

Refer to **FIGURE 18** on the back cover of this manual for illustrated rigging instructions and weight chart.

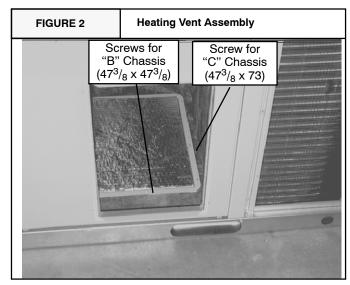
#### **DOWNFLOW CONVERSION**

**NOTE:** In downflow applications with roof curbs or jack stands, the center rail under the unit must be removed. The center rail is attached to the base rail with screws.

These units are adaptable to downflow use. To convert to downflow use, follow these steps:

1. Remove the blockoff plates found in the return air compartment and the supply air compartment.

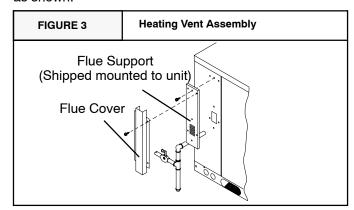
**NOTE**: Blockoff plate in the supply air compartment only contains one screw. If reinstalling plate, back part of plate **MUST** fit into mating dimples on flange. To reinstall, slant plate into dimples, then put plate into position and fasten with screw.



- 2. Install the removed plates on the horizontal return and supply air openings.
- 3. Install roof curb on the building. Be sure to follow all directions included with curb and all applicable building codes in your installation. See page 2 or 3 for appropriate roof curb to use.

#### **Heating Vent Assembly**

The flue cover is packed with installation screws in the return air compartment. Refer to **FIGURE 3** and assemble as shown.



### A

#### **UNIT DAMAGE**

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit damage.

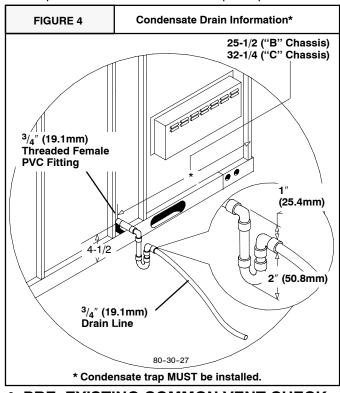
Do not operate the unit without the vent assembly installed.

#### **Condensate Drain**

The condensate drain outlet is a  $^3/_4$ " (19.1mm) female PVC connection located at the bottom of the unit to the right of the filter access panel (see **FIGURE 4**).

The circulating blower creates a negative pressure on the condensate drain line that can prevent the condensate from draining properly. To combat this negative pressure, a field supplied condensate trap that will allow a standing column of water of at least 2" (50.8mm) **MUST** be installed . Top of outlet from trap **MUST** be at least 1" (25.4mm) below top of outlet from unit. **Install the trap as near to the unit as possible for proper drainage.** 

A <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" (19.1mm) drain line **MUST** be installed if required by local codes or if location of unit requires it. Run the drain line to an open drain or other suitable disposal point.



#### 4. PRE-EXISTING COMMON VENT CHECK

If the installation of this new combination gas heat/electric cool unit involves removing an existing gas-fired furnace from a common vent system with other gas-fired appliances (gas-fired hot water heater, etc.), the existing vent system must be checked and inspected by a qualified technician. The qualified technician can determine if the existing vent system will properly vent the flue products of the remaining gas-fired appliances. In many cases, the existing vent system may be oversized for the remaining appliances.

#### 5. GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING

**NOTE**: Because there are many types of liquified petroleum (LP) gases, the term LP as used in this manual refers to *propane* gas. If you intend to use any type of LP gas, proper precautions **MUST** be used in the handling, piping, and use of such gas. **NOTE**: In Canada, installations **MUST** be performed by licensed LP installers.

The UL rating plate located on the side panel on the unit contains the model number, type of gas, gas input rating, and other important information.

### **A WARNING**

#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Make certain the unit is equipped to operate on the type of gas available. Models designated as natural gas are to be used with natural gas only. Models designated for use with liquefied petroleum (LP) gas are shipped with orifices sized for commercially pure propane gas. They MUST not be used with butane or a mixture of butane and propane unless properly sized orifices are installed by a licensed LP installer.

#### **GAS PIPING**

The gas supply line **MUST** be of adequate size to handle the Btu/hr requirements and length of the run for the unit being installed. Determine the minimum pipe size for natural gas from the table in **FIGURE 5** or **FIGURE 6**. Base the length of the run from the gas meter or source to the unit.

#### **Gas Pipe Size**

Btu ratings of all other gas appliances **MUST** be considered for sizing of main gas line. Check gas line to installation for compliance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54–2005/ANSI Z223.1–2005 or in Canada the National Standard CAN/CGA B149–1 or current editions.

Gas Pipe Size, Length and Btu/hr Capacity for Schedule 40 Iron Pipe (English)  NATURAL GAS								
Pipe Length		Btu,	hr (in th	ousands)				
(Includes Fittings)	3/4"	1"	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	2"			
20′	190	350	730	1,100	2,100			
40′	130	245	500	760	1,450			
60′	105	1,150						
		LP (	GAS					
Pipe Length (Includes		Btu	ı/hr (in th	ousands)				
Fittings)	1/2"	3/4"	1″	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "			
20′	189	393	732	1,496	2,299			
40′	129	267	504	1,039	1,559			
60′	103	217	409	834	1,275			

FIGURE 6		Gas Pipe Size, Length and Btu/hr Capacity for Schedule 40 Iron Pipe (English)						
		NATURA	AL GAS					
Pipe Length			kW*	*				
(Includes Fittings)	3/4"	1″	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	2"			
6.1m	56	103	214	322	615			
12.2m	38	72	147	223	425			
18.3m	31	57	117	179	337			
		LP (	GAS					
Pipe Length (Includes			kW**	•				
Fittings)	1/2"	3/4"	1″	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "			
6.1m	55	115	215	438	674			
12.2m	38	78	148	305	457			
18.3m	30	64	120	244	374			
**kW	**kW (Kilowatts) is the metric equivalent of Btu/hr.							

#### **PIPING AT UNIT**

#### **Connections**

**NOTE:** The rules listed apply to natural and LP gas pipe installations.

- If installation is for LP gas, have LP gas installer use TWO-STAGE REGULATION and make all connections from storage tank to unit.
- Use black iron or steel pipe and fittings or other pipe approved by local code.
- 3. If copper tubing is used, it **MUST** comply with limitation set in Fuel Gas Code.

**NOTE:** If a flexible gas connector is used, it **MUST** be acceptable to local authority. Connector **MUST NOT** be used inside the furnace or be secured or supported by the furnace or ductwork. Do not use a connector which has previously serviced another gas appliance. Always use a new listed connector.

### **A WARNING**

#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to do so could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Gas connector MUST be properly installed and can NOT be used inside the furnace.

- 4. Use pipe joint compound on external (male) threads ONLY. Joint compound MUST be resistant to any chemical action of LP gases. Do NOT put pipe compound on last 2 threads of pipe.
- 5. Use ground joint unions and install a drip leg no less than 3 inches (76 mm) long to trap dirt and moisture before it can enter gas valve.

### **A** CAUTION

UNIT OPERATION AND COMPONENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in misaligned burners, flame rollout and or unit damage.

Overtightening assembly may cause damage to the gas valve and/or wiring and may misalign the burners.

- Use a wrench on gas valve when making connections to prevent gas valve from turning. Do **NOT** use a pipe wrench on the gas valve body.
- 7. Provide a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> inch (3mm) National Pipe Thread (NPT) plug for test gauge connection immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the furnace if none is supplied with the gas valve of unit.
- 8. Install a manual shutoff valve and tighten all joints securely.

LEAK CHECK /PRESSURE TESTING OF GAS SUPPLY PIPING

### **A WARNING**

#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings could result in personal injury, death or property damage.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

The unit and its equipment shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of .5 psi (3.5kPa).

The unit must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing the equipment shut off valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than .5 psi (3.5 kPa).

#### **ORIFICES**

#### **Orifice Sizes**

Orifice sizes **MUST** be matched to the heating value of the gas (see **TABLE 1 & 2**). Check with your gas supplier and the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1.

**NOTE:** An LP Conversion Kit **MUST** be used for conversion to LP gas.

**NOTE:** For elevations above 2000 feet (610 meters), the Btu input rating **MUST** be reduced by 4% for each 1000 feet (305 meters) above sea level, unless the gas supplier's Btu/ft<sup>3</sup> content has already been adjusted for altitude. Check **Table 1 & 2** for the proper orifice sizes.

TABLE 1 & 2: Equivalent Orifice Sizes at High Altitudes

Table 1	NATURAL GAS ORIFICE SIZING								
			ME	AN ELEVATION	ON FEET ABO	OVE SEA LEV	EL		
	0 to 2000		2001 to 4000	4001 to 5000	5001 to 6000	6001 to 7000	7001 to 8000	8001 to 9000	9001 to 10000
Nominal Heating Size	Orifice Kit Drill # Number		Orifice Drill #						
All Sizes	44	1173863	45	46	47	47	48	48	49

**NOTE:** The orifice sizes in the chart above derate the input rate at 4% per 1000 feet above sea level for altitudes exceeding 2000 feet above sea level. If converting from LP gas to Natural Gas at altitudes exceeding 2000 feet above sea level, use part number 330732–401, plus the required orifice size # shown in Table 1. Natural Gas data is based on 0.60 specific gravity, a heating value of 1030 Btu/Cu.Ft., and 3.5" W.C. manifold pressure. For fuels with different specific gravity, consult the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54-2005/ANSI Z223.1-2005 or National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code CSA B149.1-05.

Table 2	LP GAS ORIFICE SIZING												
		MEAN ELEVATION FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL											
	0 to	2000	2001 t	o 4000	4001 t	o 7000	7001 t	o 9000	9001 to 10,000				
Nominal Heating	Orifice	Kit	Orifice	Kit	Orifice	Kit	Orifice	Kit	Orifice	Kit			
Size	Drill #	Number	Drill #	Number	Drill #	Number	Drill #	Number	Drill #	Number			
All Sizes	55	1173857	55	1173857	56	1173859	56	1173859	57	1173861			

**NOTE:** The orifice sizes in the chart above derate the input rate at 4% per 1000 feet above sea level for altitudes exceeding 2000 feet above sea level. LP Gas data is based on 1.52 specific gravity, a heating value of 2500 Btu/Cu.Ft., and 10.0" W.C. manifold pressure. For fuels with different specific gravity, consult the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54-2005/ANSI Z223.1-2005 or National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code CSA B149.1-05.

### **Changing Orifices**

### A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE AND/OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Shut off electric power at unit disconnect or service panel and shut off gas at manual shut off valve before beginning the following procedure.

Changing orifices requires a qualified service technician.

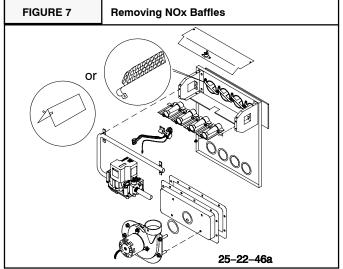
- 1. Shut **OFF** gas at manual shut off valve.
- 2. Shut **OFF** electric power at unit disconnect or service panel. If unit is still running, allow 3 minutes after gas shut off before turning off power.
- 3. Disconnect the wires from the gas valve, sparker, and flame sensor.
- 4. Remove the four screws holding the manifold to the manifold brackets.
- Carefully remove the manifold with the gas valve attached.
- If unit has v-shaped NOx baffles installed in the firing tubes, they must be removed when coverting to LP.
   Some baffles may be attached by screws. Replace screws after removing NOx baffles (figure 7).

### A WARNING

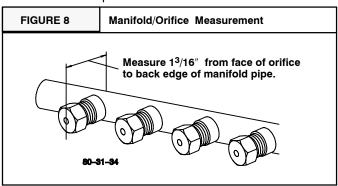
#### CARBON MONOXIDE HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury death and/or property damage.

NOx baffles for use with Natural Gas units ONLY. If LP Gas is required, NOx inserts must be removed.



- 7. Remove the orifices from the manifold with a <sup>7</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" box end or socket wrench.
- 8. Check to be sure that the size of each orifice is correct for the Btu input desired.



9. Install the correct orifices. Gauge the size of the orifices with a new twist drill bit of the correct size.

Make sure that the orifices go in straight so that they form a right angle (90°) to the manifold pipe.

Tighten the orifices so that there is a  $1^3/_{16}$ " distance between the faces of the orifices to the back of the manifold pipe.

Measure the distance with a set of calipers. If you do not

have a calipers, you can use an adjustable wrench and measure between the face of the jaws.

10. Reassemble in reverse order.

### 6. ELECTRICAL WIRING

### **A WARNING**

#### **ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

The unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of serious injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of an electrical wire connected to the unit ground lug in the control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with National Electric Code (NEC) NFPA 70, National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54-2005/ANSI Z223.1-2005 and local electrical codes. In Canada, follow Canadian Electrical Code CSA (Canadian Standards Association) C22.1 and local electrical codes.

### A CAUTION

#### REDUCED EQUIPMENT LIFE HAZARD

Failure to follow these cautions could result in damage to the unit being installed.

- 1) Make all electrical connections in accordance with National Electric code (NEC) NFPa 70, National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54-2005/ANSI Z223.1-2005 and local electrical codes governing such wiring. In Canada, all electrical connections must be in accordance with CSA standard C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, and applicable local codes. Refer to unit wiring diagram.
- 2) Use only copper conductor for connections between field-supplied electrical disconnect switch and unit. DO NOT USE ALUMINUM WIRE.
- 3) Be sure that high-voltage power to unit is within operating voltage range indicated on unit rating plate.4) Do not damage internal components when drilling
- through any panel to mount electrical hardware, conduit, etc. Consult local power company for correction of improper voltage and/or phase imbalance.

For access, remove the burner access panel. See **Figure 1** for access panel location. Wiring **MUST** be protected from possible mechanical damage.

#### **Disconnect Switch**

The unit must have separate electrical service with a field-supplied, waterproof, disconnect switch mounted at, or within sight from, the unit. Refer to the unit rating plate for maximum fuse/circuit breaker size and minimum circuit amps (ampacity) for wire sizing.

#### **Ground Connections**

Do **NOT** complete line voltage connections until unit is permanently grounded. All line voltage connections and the ground connection **MUST** be made with copper wire.

A ground lug is installed in the control box area for the ground connection. Use a copper conductor of the appropriate size from the unit to a grounded connection in

the electrical service panel or a properly driven and electrically grounded ground rod. See warning above.

#### Line Voltage Wiring

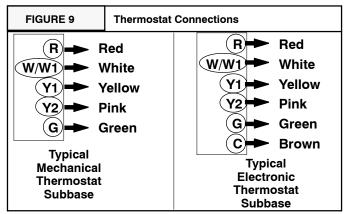
Connections for line voltage are made in the unit control box area. Refer to wiring diagram located on the Burner Access panel. For access, remove the burner access panel.

- Run the high voltage (L1, L2) and ground leads into the control box.
- 2. Connect ground lead to chassis ground connection.
- 3. Connect L1 to pressure lug connection 11 of the compressor contactor.
- 4. Connect L2 to pressure lug connection 23 of the compressor contactor.

#### Thermostat / Low Voltage Wiring

Location of the thermostat has an important effect on home comfort. FOLLOW THE THERMOSTAT INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR CORRECT LOCATION, MOUNTING, AND WIRING.

A two-stage thermostat is required for proper operation. Thermostat should have the following terminals: "R", "W/W1", "Y1", "Y2", and "G". Some electronic thermostats use low voltage from the unit for power for temperature display and programming. These electronic thermostats will have a "C" terminal. The outdoor unit has color-coded wires for easy connection. Using wire nuts, follow figure 10 for proper connections:



#### THERMOSTAT HEAT ANTICIPATOR

Some thermostats have an adjustable heat anticipator. The heat anticipator prevents temperature overshoot in heating mode. If the heat doesn't turn off until the set point temperature on the thermostat is exceeded, then the anticipator setting is too low. If the heat turns off before the thermostat reaches the set point temperature on the thermostat, then the anticipator setting is too high. Follow the thermostat instruction manual for proper adjustment of the heat anticipator.

#### **Final Electrical Check**

 Make a final wiring check to be sure system is correctly wired. Inspect field installed wiring and the routing to ensure that rubbing or chafing due to vibration will not occur.

**NOTE**: Wiring **MUST** be installed so it is protected from possible mechanical damage.

#### 7. DUCTWORK

#### **Ductwork Sizing**

The maximum recommended velocity in trunk ducts is 1000 feet per minute. The maximum recommended velocity in branch ducts is 800 feet per minute.

Ductwork sizing affects the discharge temperature, airflow velocity, and efficiency of the system. Be sure to properly size ductwork to the capacity of the unit and to the airflow requirements of the conditioned space. Failure to properly size ductwork can result in inadequate airflow and poor efficiency. Undersized ductwork may result in tripped limit controls and premature failure of compressors, motors and other components.

#### **Ductwork Insulation**

Ductwork installed outdoors must have a minimum 2" thick fiberglass "wrap" insulation and a weatherproof vapor barrier installed around it. The insulation and vapor barrier must be protected against potential damage. Caulking, flashing, and other means of providing a permanent weather seal must be used.

#### **Ductwork Connections**

The use of flexible, non-combustible connectors between main trunk ducts and supply and return air plenums is permitted. If flexible connectors are used, they should be protected from potential mechanical damage such as punctures and tears.

**NOTE:** When connecting the supply and return plenums to the unit, make sure that the plenums are sealed against the side casing of the unit and do not interfere with removal of the top of the unit.

#### **FILTERS**

All return air MUST pass through a filter before entering the unit. An electronic air cleaner, optional filter racks, or other accessible filter arrangement must be installed in the return air ductwork. Minimum recommended filter sizes are listed in FIGURE 10 and are based on maximum face velocities of 300 ft/min for disposable filters and 600 ft/min for washable (high velocity) filters. See figure 10 for filter sizes.

### A CAUTION

#### **REDUCED EQUIPMENT LIFE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in improper unit operation.

Do not operate the unit without a filter.

IGURE 10	Filter Sizes	zes							
		Disposa	ble Filters	Washab	le Filters <sup>1</sup>				
		Nominal Size (qty x w x d)	Minimum Area (sq. inches)	Nominal Size (qty x w x d)	Minimum Area (sq. inches)				
PGX324	040K****	1 x 20" x 20"	384	1 x 10" x 20"	192				
PGX324	060K****	1 x 20" x 24"	428	1 x 12" x 20"	214				
PGX324	080K****	2 x 15" x 20"	576	1 x 15" x 20"	288				
PGX330	040K****	1 x 20" x 24"	480	1 x 12" x 20"	240				
PGX330	060K****	1 x 20" x 24"	480	1 x 12" x 20"	240				
PGX330	080K****	2 x 15" x 20"	576	1 x 15" x 20"	288				
PGX336	6060K****	2 x 15" x 20"	576	1 x 15" x 20"	288				
PGX336	6080K****	2 x 15" x 20"	576	1 x 15" x 20"	288				
PGX336	100K****	2 x 18" x 20"	720	1 x 18" x 20"	360				
PGX342	2080K****	2 x 18" x 20"	672	1 x 18" x 20"	336				
PGX342	2100K****	2 x 18" x 20"	720	1 x 18" x 20"	360				
PGX348	8080K****	2 x 20" x 20"	768	1 x 20" x 20"	384				
PGX348	3120K****	2 x 20" x 24"	854	1 x 20" x 24"	427				
PGX348	3140K****	2 x 24" x 24"	1008	1 x 24" x 24"	504				
PGX360	080K****	2 x 20" x 24"	960	1 x 20" x 24"	480				
PGX360	)120K****	2 x 20" x 24"	960	1 x 20" x 24"	480				
PGX360	140K****	2 x 24" x 24"	1008	1 x 24" x 24"	504				

Washable filter size based on an allowable face velocity of 600 ft/min. Refer to filter manufacturer's specifications for allowable face velocity and required filter area.

## 8. AIRFLOW ADJUSTMENT

								OAJ JEKII	JILAI	ING CHAR		rnal Static	Pressure	(in H <sub>2</sub> O)																					
						.1"		.2"		.3"		.4"	_	.5"		.6"		.7"	I	.8"															
	Cooling	Heating Input	Heating Rise	Speed		Heating		Heating		Heating		Heating		Heating		Heating		Heating		Heati															
Model	Tons	(Btu/hr)	Range (°F)	Тар	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise (°F)	CFM	Rise															
				5	1251	NA	1218	NA	1194	NA	1170	NA	1139	NA	1100	NA	1063	NA	988	N/															
DCV224040V****	,	40000	25 /5	4	951	NA	914	NA	883	NA 27	858	35	811	37	775	38	733	40	697	43															
PGX324040K****	2	40000	35 - 65	3	869 711	NA 42	842 655	35 45	809 623	37 48	768 564	39 53	736 529	40 56	684 481	43 62	650 431	46 NA	599 392	49 NA															
				1	661	45	478	62	334	NA	262	NA	219	NA	196	NA	NA	NA	NA	N/															
				5	1251	36	1218	36	1194	37	1170	38	1139	39	1100	40	1063	42	988	45															
DCV2240/0V****		(0000	25 /5	4	951	47	914	49	883	50	858	52	811	55	775	57	733	61	697	64															
PGX324060K****	2	60000	35 - 65	3	869 711	51 63	842 655	53 NA	809 623	55 NA	768 564	58 NA	736 529	60 NA	684 481	65 NA	650 431	NA NA	599 392	NA NA															
				1	661	NA NA	478	NA	334	NA	262	NA	219	NA	196	NA	NA	NA	NA	N/															
				5	1251	47	1218	49	1194	50	1170	51	1139	52	1100	54	1063	56	988	60															
	_			4	951	62	914	65	883	NA	858	NA	811	NA	775	NA	733	NA	697	N.															
PGX324080K****	2	80000	80000	35 - 65	3	869 711	NA NA	842	NA NA	809	NA NA	768 564	NA NA	736	NA NA	684 481	NA NA	650 431	NA NA	599 392	N.														
				2 1	661	NA NA	655 478	NA NA	623 334	NA NA	262	NA NA	529 219	NA NA	196	NA NA	NA	NA NA	392 NA	N.															
				5	1255	NA	1227	NA	1201	NA	1164	NA	1138	NA	1112	NA	1077	NA	1027	N/															
					4	1106	NA	1080	NA	1048	NA	1017	NA	992	NA	954	NA	924	NA	881	N/														
PGX330040K****	2.5	40000	35 - 65	3	958	NA	923	NA	894	NA	857	35	828	36	786	38	750	40	712	42															
					2	789 754	38 39	747 708	40 42	714 671	41 44	668 618	44 48	630 584	47 51	582 524	51 57	542 494	55 60	495 443	60 N														
	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		5	1255	35	1227	36	1201	37	1164	38	1138	39	1112	40	1077	41	1027	43															
				4	1106	40	1080	41	1048	42	1017	44	992	45	954	47	924	48	881	50															
PGX330060K****	2.5	60000	35 - 65	3	958	46	923	48	894	50	857	52	828	54	786	57	750	59	712	6.															
				2	789	56 E0	747	59	714	62	668	NA	630	NA	582	NA	542	NA NA	495	N.															
	-			1 5	754 1255	59 47	708 1227	63 48	671 1201	NA 49	618 1164	NA 51	584 1138	NA 52	524 1112	NA 53	494 1077	NA 55	443 1027	N 5															
				4	1106	54	1080	48 55	1048	57	1017	58	992	60	954	62	924	64	881	N N															
PGX330080K****	2.5	80000	35 - 65	3	958	62	923	64	894	NA	857	NA	828	NA	786	NA	750	NA	712	N															
		2.0							00000	55555		33300		2	789	NA	747	NA	714	NA	668	NA	630	NA	582	NA	542	NA	495	N					
												1	754	NA	708	NA	671	NA	618	NA	584	NA	524	NA	494	NA	443	N							
		3 60000 35 - 65	60000		3	1630 1276	NA 35	1588 1242	NA 36	1526 1209	NA 37	1477 1179	NA 38	1415 1150	NA 39	1354 1117	NA 40	1287 1086	35 41	1216 1045	3														
PGX336060K****	3			60000	35 - 65	2	1026	43	994	45	949	47	913	49	871	51	841	53	793	56	735	6													
				1	876	51	841	53	794	56	756	59	694	64	651	NA	598	NA	543	N															
				4	1630	36	1588	37	1526	39	1477	40	1415	42	1354	44	1287	46	1216	4															
PGX336080K****	3	80000	35 - 65	3	1276	46	1242	48	1209	49	1179	50	1150	52	1117	53	1086	55	1045	5															
				2	1026 876	58 NA	994 841	60 NA	949 794	62 NA	913 756	65 NA	871 694	NA NA	841 651	NA NA	793 598	NA NA	735 543	N.															
				4	1630	45	1588	47	1526	49	1477	50	1415	52	1354	55	1287	58	1216	6															
DCV22/100//***		100000 35 - 65	100000	25 /5	3	1276	58	1242	60	1209	61	1179	63	1150	64	1117	NA	1086	NA	1045	N.														
PGX336100K****	3			100000 35 - 65	2	1026	NA	994	NA	949	NA	913	NA	871	NA	841	NA	793	NA	735	N.														
							1	876	NA	841	NA	794	NA	756	NA	694	NA	651	NA	598	NA	543	N.												
		80000 35 - 6	80000 35 - 6	80000 35 - 65	80000 35 - 65	80000 35 - 65	80000	80000	80000	80000		5 4	1569 1481	38 40	1537 1448	39 41	1500 1412	40	1463 1374	41	1423	42 44	1389 1298	43 46	1353 1263	44	1317 1226	45							
PGF342080K****	3.5										80000	80000	80000	80000	80000	80000	80000	35 - 65	3	1302	46	1260	41	1219	42	1179	50	1138	52	1103	54	1060	56	1015	5
															30 - 65	2	1170	51	1129	52	1088	54	1050	56	1007	59	963	62	912	65	866	N.			
				1	1028	58	969	61	924	64	881	NA	838	NA	789	NA	731	NA	680	N.															
				5	1569	47	1537	48	1500	49	1463	51	1423	52	1389	53	1353	55	1317	50															
DCV242100V****	2.5	100000	25 65	4	1481	50	1448	51 50	1412	52	1374	54	1336	55 65	1298	57 NA	1263	59 NA	1226	6															
PGX342100K****	3.5	100000	35 - 65	3	1302 1170	57 63	1260 1129	59 NA	1219 1088	61 NA	1179 1050	63 NA	1138	65 NA	1103 963	NA NA	1060 912	NA NA	1015 866	N.															
				1	1028	NA NA	969	NA	924	NA	881	NA	838	NA	789	NA	731	NA	680	N.															
				5	2103	NA	2051	NA	2001	NA	1942	NA	1878	NA	1809	NA	1723	NA	1632	30															
D.O.V.O. 40.0		00	05 :-	4	1831	NA	1797	NA	1763	NA	1732	NA	1696	35	1661	36	1621	37	1559	3															
PGX348080K****	4	80000	35 - 65	3	1680	35 45	1650	36 47	1614	37 49	1578	38 51	1544	38 53	1507	39	1470	40 58	1427 979	4:															
				2	1304 1173	45 51	1256 1127	53	1216 1085	49 55	1167 1027	51 58	1126 983	53 60	1077 927	55 64	1026 881	NA	979 821	N.															
	1			5	2103	42	2051	43	2001	44	1942	46	1878	47	1809	49	1723	52	1632	5															
				4	1831	49	1797	49	1763	50	1732	51	1696	52	1661	54	1621	55	1559	5															
PGX348120K****	4	120000	35 - 65	3	1680	53	1650	54	1614	55	1578	56	1544	58	1507	59	1470	60	1427	6															
				2	1304 1173	NA NA	1256	NA NA	1216	NA NA	1167 1027	NA NA	1126 983	NA NA	1077	NA NA	1026 881	NA NA	979 821	N N															
	-		<b>-</b>	5	2103	1NA 49	1127 2051	51	1085 2001	52	1942	53	1878	55	927 1809	57	1723	60	1632	6															
				4	1831	57	1797	58	1763	59	1732	60	1696	61	1661	62	1621	64	1559	N															
PGX348140K****	4	140000	35 - 65	3	1680	62	1650	63	1614	64	1578	NA	1544	NA	1507	NA	1470	NA	1427	N															
				2	1304	NA	1256	NA	1216	NA	1167	NA	1126	NA	1077	NA	1026	NA	979	N															
		<b>.</b>		1	1173	NA NA	1127	NA NA	1085	NA NA	1027	NA NA	983	NA NA	927	NA NA	881	NA NA	821	N															
				5 4	2188 2091	NA NA	2140 2056	NA NA	2096 2023	NA NA	2039 1987	NA NA	1974 1935	NA NA	1905 1878	NA NA	1827 1811	NA NA	1745 1729	N N															
PGX360080K****	5	5 80000 35 - 65	35 - 65	3	1839	NA	1807	NA	1772	NA	1735	NA	1702	35	1667	36	1629	36	1590	3															
				2	1393	43	1356	44	1313	45	1280	46	1226	48	1184	50	1130	52	1086	5															
				1	1300	46	1263	47	1214	49	1169	51	1117	53	1073	55	1026	58	975	6															
				5	2188	41	2140	42	2096	42	2039	44	1974	45	1905	47	1827	49	1745	5															
PGX360120K****	5	120000	35 - 65	3	2091 1839	43	2056 1807	43 49	2023 1772	44 50	1987 1735	45 51	1935 1702	46 52	1878 1667	47 53	1811 1629	49 55	1729 1590	5															
. 3/1000 120N	J	120000	33 - 03	2	1393	64	1356	NA	1313	NA	1280	NA	1226	NA	1184	NA	1130	NA	1086	N N															
				1300	NA	1263	NA	1214	NA	1169	NA	1117	NA	1073	NA	1026	NA	975	N.																

#### **CIRCULATING AIR BLOWER SPEEDS**

FIGURE 11	FIGURE 11 Factory-Shipped Blower Tap Connections										
	Factory-Shipped Blower Tap Connections										
Model	Cooling Tons	Heating Input (Btu/hr)	Heating Rise Range (°F)	Heating Speed Tap (Red)	High Stage Cooling Speed Tap (Black)	Low Stage Cooling Speed Tap (Violet)					
PGX324040K****	2	40000	35 - 65	2	3	1					
PGX324060K****	2	60000	35 - 65	5	3	1					
PGX324080K****	2	80000	35 - 65	5	3	1					
PGX330040K****	2.5	40000	35 - 65	2	4	1					
PGX330060K****	2.5	60000	35 - 65	5	4	1					
PGX330080K****	2.5	80000	35 - 65	5	4	1					
PGX336060K****	3	60000	35 - 65	2	3	1					
PGX336080K****	3	80000	35 - 65	4	3	1					
PGX336100K****	3	100000	35 - 65	4	3	1					
PGX342080K****	3.5	80000	35 - 65	5	4	1					
PGX342100K****	3.5	100000	35 - 65	5	4	1					
PGX348080K****	4	80000	35 - 65	4	3	1					
PGX348120K****	4	120000	35 - 65	4	3	1					
PGX348140K****	4	140000	35 - 65	4	3	1					
PGX360080K****	5	80000	35 - 65	3	4	2					
PGX360120K****	5	120000	35 - 65	3	4	2					
PGX360140K****	5	140000	35 - 65	3	4	2					



#### A

### WARNING

#### **ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Turn off electric power supply at disconnect switch or service panel before removing access or service panels from unit.

Verify that the proper blower speeds for heating and cooling are selected on the blower motor by removing the blower access panel and inspecting the blower motor. The motor has up to 5 speeds numbered "1", "2", "3", "4", and "5". The wires for the speed selection are as follows:

Red 🗪 Heating

Black - High Stage Cooling

Violet - Low Stage Cooling

Using the same speed for Heating and Cooling.

If the same speed is required for heating and high stage cooling the following procedure must be used:

- Set Red wire on proper speed selection on blower motor.
- 2. Remove Black wire from "HI" on Blower Interface Board. Tape end of Black lead using electrical tape.
- 3. Jumper the Red wire to both the "Heat" terminal and "HI" terminal on the Blower Interface Board.

If the same speed is required for heating and low stage cooling, the following procedure must be used:

- Set Red wire on proper speed selection on blower motor.
- 2. Remove Violet wire from "LO" on Blower Interface Board. Tape end of Violet lead using electrical tape.
- 3. Jumper the Red wire to both the "Heat" terminal and the "LO" terminal on the Blower Interface Board.

#### **CONTINUOUS FAN OPERATION**

Continuous fan speed operates at the low stage cooling speed for all models.

#### **COOLING**

- 1. Turn electric power **OFF**
- 2. Set thermostat Heat-Cool select to COOL.

- 3. Adjust thermostat setting to below room temperature.
- 4. Turn power **ON**, for approximately one minute, then **OFF**. During power application check the following:
  - a. Contactor Contacts Closing
  - b. Compressor ON
  - c. Condenser fan motor ON
  - d. Circulating Air Blower ON 0 second delay
- 5. Turn power **OFF**, check the following:
  - a. Contactor contacts opening.
  - b. Compressor OFF
  - c. Condenser fan motor OFF
  - d. Circulating blower OFF after 90 second delay on all models.

#### 9. START-UP PROCEDURES

### A WARNING

#### FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Do NOT attempt to light the burner with a match or flame of any kind.

#### **CHECK BEFORE STARTING**

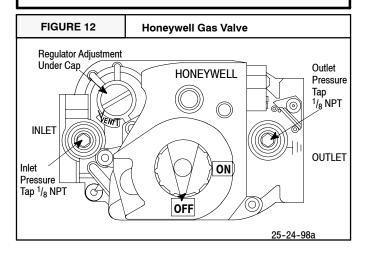
- 1. Check that the blower motor speed terminal block is running the correct heating and cooling speeds.
- Check to see that clean, properly sized air filters are installed.
- 3. Replace all service access panels.

### **A WARNING**

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury and/or death.

Turn OFF gas at shut off before connecting U-tube manometer.



#### **GAS PRESSURES**

- Do NOT allow gas supply pressure to fall below the listed minimums. Doing so will decrease input to furnace. Refer to FIGURE 13 for gas supply pressures.
- 2. Gas input **MUST NOT** exceed rated input shown on rating plate.
- 3. Do **NOT** allow pressures to exceed the maximum limits as listed in **FIGURE 13**.

FIGURE 13	Gas Pressures	
	Natural Gas	LP Gas
Minimum Inlet	4.5"W.C. (1120 Pa)	11" W.C. (2740 Pa)
Recommended Inlet	7" W.C. (1740 Pa)	11" W.C. (2740 Pa)
Maximum Inlet	13" W.C. (3230 Pa)	13" W.C. (3230 Pa)
Manifold Pressure	3.5" W.C. (870 Pa)	10" W.C. (2490 Pa)

#### **Manifold Pressure Adjustment**

Manifold pressures are listed in **Figure 14**. Check manifold pressure using the following procedure.

1. With gas **OFF**, Connect U-Tube manometer to tapped opening on gas valve. Use manometer with a 0 to 12 inches water column range.

FIGURE 14	Manifold Pressure Settings
Gas Type	Manifold Pressure
Natural	3.5 Inches Water Column (870 Pa)
Propane	10 Inches Water Column (2490 Pa)

Turn gas ON and remove adjustment screw cover on gas valve. Turn counterclockwise to decrease pressure and clockwise to increase. **NOTE:** Adjustment screw cover **MUST** be placed on gas valve before reading manifold pressure and operating furnace.

### A WARNING

FIRE AND/OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Do NOT adjust manifold pressure more than  $\pm$  0.3 inches water column to obtain rated input.

3. Set pressure to value shown in **FIGURE 14**,  $\pm$  0.07kPa (0.3 inches) water column. Pressure is also listed on furnace rating plate. In **NO** case should final manifold pressure vary more than  $\pm$  0.07kPa (0.3 inches) water column.

Check the unit's operation as outlined in the following instructions. If any unusual sparking, odors or unusual noises are encountered, shut off electric power immediately. Recheck for wiring errors, or obstructions in or near blower motors.

- Set thermostat Heat-Cool selector to OFF.
- 2. Set thermostat fan switch to AUTO.
- 3. Turn electric power **ON**. Nothing should start running.
- 4. Turn manual gas valve ON.
- 5. Turn gas control valve ON.
- 6. Set thermostat fan switch to ON.
- 7. Reset thermostat fan switch to AUTO.

#### **HEATING START-UP PROCEDURE**

- Adjust thermostat setting above room temperature and set thermostat selector to **HEAT**. The combustion air blower should come **ON**.
- 2. The combustion air blower will run for 15 seconds to purge the combustion chamber.
- 3. After the 15 second purge, the combustion air blower will remain on. The sparker will turn on to ignite the gas. Make sure the gas valve is in the "ON" position. (Refer to Figure 14 and the instructions label located on Burner Access Panel of unit.

**NOTE**: On a call for heat the sparker will remain energized for 7 seconds or until a flame is detected by the flame sensor. It may take several ignition attempts to purge the air out of the gas lines at initial start-up of the unit.

4. 30 seconds after the burners light, the circulating blower will begin to run.

### **A WARNING**

#### FIRE AND/OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, and/or property damage.

Do NOT attempt to light the burner with a match or flame of any kind.

#### **HEATING INPUT RATE CHECK**

The gas input to the unit is determined by measuring the gas flow at the meter. Measuring gas flow at the meter is recommended for natural gas units. To measure the heating input, perform the following steps:

- Turn off all other gas appliances that use the same meter.
- Turn off gas supply to unit and attach manifold pressure gauge as instructed in the "Manifold Pressure Adjustment" section.
- With gas ON to the unit and the unit operating, record the number of seconds for the gas meter dial to make one revolution.
- 4. Divide number of seconds in Step 3 into 3600 (number of seconds in 1 hour).
- 5. Multiply result of Step 4 by the number of cubic feet shown for one revolution of the meter dial to obtain the cubic feet of gas flow per hour.
- Multiply result of Step 5 by Btu heating value of gas to obtain total measured input in Btu/hr. Compare this with the heating value shown in **figure 11**. Consult with local gas supplier if the heating value of gas is not known.

Example: Assume that the size of the meter dial is 1 cu. ft., one revolution takes 44 seconds, and the heating value of the gas is 1020 Btu/ft3. Proceed as follows:

- 1. 38 sec. To complete 1 revolution
- 2. 3600/38 = 94.7
- $3.94.7 \times 1 = 94.7$
- $4.94.7 \times 1020 = 96,632 \text{ Btu/hr}$

For this example, the nameplate input is 100,000 Btu/hr, so only a minor change in manifold pressure is required. In no case should the final manifold pressure vary more than +- .3 "water column from the values in **figure 14**.

#### TEMPERATURE RISE CHECK

**NOTE:** Air temperature rise is the temperature difference between supply and return air. With a properly designed distribution system, the proper amount of temperature rise

will normally be obtained when the unit is operating at rated input with the recommended blower speed.

 The temperature rise must be within the specifications marked on the unit rating plate.

To check the temperature rise through the unit, place thermometers in the supply and return air ducts as close to the unit as possible.

Open **ALL** registers and duct dampers. Operate unit **AT LEAST** 15 minutes before taking readings.

If the correct amount of temperature rise is not obtained when operating on the recommended blower speed, it may be necessary to change the blower speed. A faster blower speed will decrease the temperature rise. A slower blower speed will increase the temperature rise.

**NOTE:** The blower speed **MUST** be set to give the correct air temperature rise through the furnace as marked on the rating plate. See **Figure 12** for more information.

2. After 15 minutes of operation check the limit control function by blocking the return air grille(s).

After several minutes the main burners and pilot should go **OFF**. The circulating air blower should continue to run.

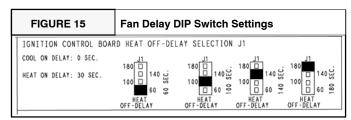
Remove air restrictions. Pilot and main burners should relight after a cool down period of a few minutes.

Adjust the thermostat setting below room temperature.
 Main burners and combustion air blower should go
 OFF

The circulating air blower should continue to run for 60, 100, 140 or 180 seconds. This time is adjustable. See **FIGURE 15** for more information.

4. Set thermostat Heat-Cool selector to OFF.

#### **FAN CONTROL CHECK**



The Fan Control has adjustable settings for the circulating air blower to delay it "ON" and "OFF".

1. The Fan Control has a fixed "ON" delay of 30 seconds, and a field adjustable "OFF" delay of 60, 100, 140 and 180 seconds. The "OFF" delay is factory set at 140 seconds.

Refer to FIGURE 15 for proper DIP switch settings.

Operate the furnace and ensure that the blower turns ON and OFF at the appropriate time to provide the desired comfort level.

### **A WARNING**

**ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.** 

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Turn off electric power supply at disconnect switch or service panel before removing any access or service panel from unit.

#### COMBUSTION/INDOOR FAN CONTROL

All functions of the combustion and indoor blower are controlled by the ignition control board and interface board.

#### On a call for heat:

The ignition control energizes the combustion blower. Once the combustion air proving switch closes, the ignition sequence begins. The ignition control will sense when the main operator of gas valve has been energized thereby firing the burners and starting the "delay on" timing sequence of the indoor blower.

**NOTE:** If the control senses that one of the safety limits has opened, the combustion and indoor fans will operate until the limit resets.

#### On a call for cooling:

The fan control board starts the indoor blower immediately. Once the thermostat is satisfied, the fan control will operate the blower for 90 additional seconds.

#### 11. MAINTENANCE

## MONTHLY MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION CHECKS

Air Filters

### A

### CAUTION

#### REDUCED EQUIPMENT LIFE HAZARD

Failure to follow this cautions may result in damage to the unit being installed.

Do not operate the unit without a filter.

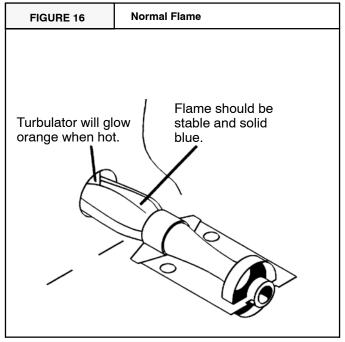
Inspect filters at least monthly and replace or clean as required. Washable filters may be cleaned by soaking in mild detergent and rinsing with cold water. Replace filters with the arrows on the side pointing in the direction of air flow. Dirty filters are the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance, and of compressor failures.

### **HEATING SEASON CHECKS (MONTHLY)**

#### **Main Burner Flame**

Flames should be stable and solid blue, (dust may cause orange tips or they may have wisps of yellow, but they **MUST** not have solid yellow tips). They should extend

directly into the heat exchanger tubes and the turbulators should glow orange (after about five minutes of operation). Main burner flame should be inspected monthly.



Using a light and mirror (as required) inspect the inside of the vent hood and the inlet air opening in the burner compartment. Look for soot and severe rust or corrosion and any obstructions due to leaves, spiderwebs, etc. Clean as required.

### **COOLING SEASON CHECKS (MONTHLY)**

#### **Condenser Coil**

Keep the condenser inlet and outlet area clean and free of leaves, grass clippings or other debris. Grass should be kept short in front of the condenser inlet. Shrubbery **MUST** be trimmed back so it is no closer than 30 inches to unit.

#### **Condensate Drain**

Check for condensate drainage. Clean as required.

#### **ANNUAL MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION**

### A WARNING

**ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.** 

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, and/or death.

Turn off electric power supply at disconnect switch or service panel before removing any access or service panel from unit.

The annual inspection should include cleaning as required to ensure efficient operation of the unit. To simplify access, remove all access panels and the top from the unit if possible.

#### **Condenser Fan Motor**

Note: The condenser fan motor is permanently lubricated. No further lubrication is required. Do not attempt to lubricate the condenser fan motor.

## **CAUTION**

#### **BURN HAZARD.**

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury or property damage.

Flue cover may be hot! Allow adequate time for flue cover to cool.

Clean the surrounding area and the condenser and evaporator coils. Use caution to avoid damage to coil fins.

#### **BLOWER MOTOR ACCESS**

Refer to **Figure 17** for a view of blower motor and compartment.

- 1. Remove the blower access panel
- Remove the three screws securing the blower motor housing. If unit has a support bracket, remove the two screws securing the bracket.
- 3. Remove the two red wires attached to the limit switch.

#### Motor removal and replacement

This method is required to replace or repair blower wheel, blower housing, or any unreachable components behind blower assembly.

- Remove all screws around rim of unit top, (except screws which are inaccessible because of proximity to structure).
- Raise unit top at corner of unit closest to blower at least 2" and place a sturdy brace at least 2" thick between top and unit corner. A 2X4 piece of wood is ideal for this.
- 3. Disconnect all wires from housing and slide housing out of unit. Reverse this process to reinstall.

#### Circulating Air Blower

Visually inspect the blower wheel for accumulations of dirt or lint. Clean the compartment and the blower wheel. If accumulation is excessive on blower wheel, or does not easily remove, it will be necessary to remove the blower assembly.

Note: The blower motor is permanently lubricated. No further lubrication is required. Do not attempt to lubricate the blower motor.

#### **Burners / Heat Exchangers / Flue Gas Passages**

To inspect the burners, heat exchanger and interior flue gas passages, use a light and small mirror on an extension handle.

Check the exterior of the heat exchanger and the interior flue gas passages for any evidence of deterioration due to corrosion, cracking or other causes. If signs of scaling or sooting exist, remove the burners and clean the heat exchanger, as required.

## INSPECTION AND CLEANING OF BURNER ASSEMBLY/HEAT EXCHANGERS/FLUE GAS PASSAGES

For Qualified Service Technician Only

See FIGURE 17 for identification of parts.

- 1. Disconnect electrical power to unit.
- 2. Turn **OFF** gas at manual shut off valve.
- 3. Remove burner access panel.
- 4. Remove the vent assembly flue pipe.
- 5. Disconnect gas pipe at union.
- 6. Disconnect wires from gas valve, note connections.
- Remove screws that secure the flame shield and remove gas control valve, manifold and burners as an assembly.
- 8. Remove collector box, injector plate, and restrictor plate, including gaskets.
- Hold the burner assembly vertically and lightly tap it against a wood block. Clean also with a stiff brush. Severe cases of lint clogging may require washing the burners in hot water.
- 10. Clean flue gas passages by using small brushes and a vacuum cleaner. It may be necessary to fabricate handle extensions for the brushes to reach the areas that require cleaning. Reinspect after cleaning and replace the heat exchanger if defective.
- 11. Reinstall parts and gaskets in reverse order. On direct spark models check the spark gap. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> inch is required between the sparker electrodes.
- 12. Turn gas on and check for leaks.
- Install all access panels, turn power on and check for normal operation.

#### REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

For Qualified Service Technician Only

Annually inspect all refrigerant tubing connections and the unit base for oil accumulations. Detecting oil generally indicates a refrigerant leak.

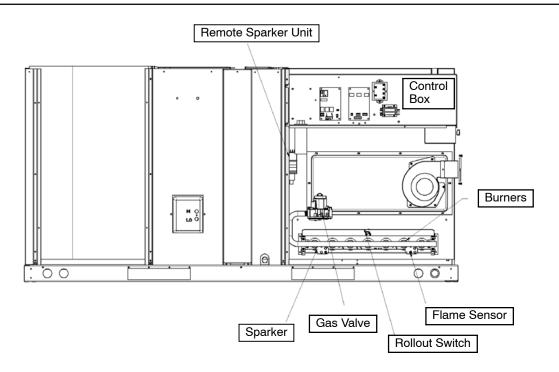
### **A WARNING**

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

System under pressure. Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal to avoid serious injury or death. Use all service ports and open all flow control devices, including solenoid valves.

If oil is detected or if low cooling performance is suspected, leak-test all refrigerant tubing using an electronic leak detector, halide torch, or liquid-soap solution.



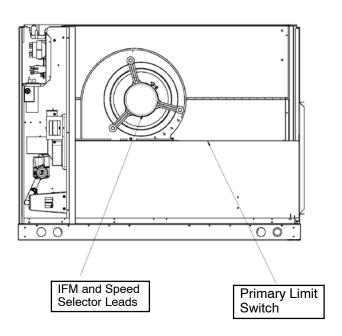


FIGURE 18 **Rigging Instructions** MAX. WEIGHT 22 KG 1096286-A FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS 20 20 906 BE SURE RIGGING AND SHACKLES ARE SUFFICIENT TO HANDLE WEIGHT LISTED BELOW. - HOOK RIGGING SHACKLES THROUGH HOLES IN BASE RAIL, AS SHOWN IN DETAIL-A. DETAIL-A MAX. HEIGHT 965 965 Σ CAN RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGE, BODILY INJURY OR DEATH. 38.00 38.00 Z RIGGING INSTRUCTIONS - USE SPREADER BARS, WHEN RIGGING, TO PREVENT UNIT DAMAGE. 1219 1219 MAX. WIDTH Σ - ALL PANELS MUST BE IN PLACE WHEN RIGGING AND LIFTING. 48.00 48.00 SPREADER BARS Z HEIGHT 1219 MAX. LENGTH 1854 ₹ 52.00 73.00 WIDTH Z ENGTH \*A CABINET LARGE SMALL

#### **All Models Wiring Diagram** CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING FIELD SUPPLY 208/230 VAC 60HZ, 1PH USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY (23) R) OUTDOOR FAN MTR COMP (s)CRANK CASE BK--BK-O-OMBUSTION C O PRI BLOWER TRANS O SEC VOLTAGE IGNITION CONTROL BOARD TERMINATION -∏L 1 OZOBL HPS1 FLAME SENSOR PRESSURE SWITCH INTERFACE BOARD ROLLOUT SWITCH MAIN LIMIT G/Y INDOOR 0 ۵ <del>س</del> O, ON \* FOOF GAS VALVE Ç00L C00L SPARKER IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE AS SUPPLIED WITH THE APPLIANCE MUST BE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE AWM-105°C OR ITS EQUIVALENT. \* SEE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROPER HEATING AND COOLING CONNECTIONS FOR YOUR UNIT. INDOOR FAN MOTOR PLUGS- "Do Not Disconnect Under Load" BLACK GREEN G WHITE W LINE VOLTAGE FACTORY COLOR CODE BLUE BL ORANGE 0 ----- LOW VOLTAGE FIELD YELLOW LOW VOLTAGE FACTORY BROWN BR RED · LINE VOLTAGE FIELD GΥ GRAY VIOLET - INTERNAL CIRCUIT - BOARD WIRING PINK Ρ

### **All Models Wiring Diagram**

